**09 – Dictionary**

**Ex. No. : 9.1 Date: 22/5/24**

**Register No.: 231801128 Name: PRAMETHA S**

## Uncommon words

A sentence is a string of single-space separated words where each word consists only of lowercase letters.A word is uncommon if it appears exactly once in one of the sentences, and does not appear in the other sentence.

Given two sentences s1 and s2, return a list of all the uncommon words. You may return the answer in any order.

Example 1:

Input: s1 = "this apple is sweet", s2 = "this apple is sour" Output: ["sweet","sour"]

Example 2:

Input: s1 = "apple apple", s2 = "banana" Output: ["banana"]

Constraints:

1 <= s1.length, s2.length <= 200

s1 and s2 consist of lowercase English letters and spaces. s1 and s2 do not have leading or trailing spaces.

All the words in s1 and s2 are separated by a single space. Note:

Use dictionary to solve the problem

**For example:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Result** |
| this apple is sweet this apple is sour | sweet sour |

# Program:

a=input().split() b=input().split() c1,c2,l={},{},[]

for i in a: c1[i]=c1.get(i,0)+1

for j in b: c2[j]=c2.get(j,0)+1

for w,c in c1.items(): if(c==1 and w not in b):

l.append(w)

for w,c in c2.items(): if(c==1 and w not in a):

l.append(w) print(\*l)

# Output:



**Ex. No. : 9.2 Date: 22/5/24**

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## Sort Dictionary by Values Summation

Give a dictionary with value lists, sort the keys by summation of values in value list.

**Input** : test\_dict = {‘Gfg’ : [6, 7, 4], ‘best’ : [7, 6, 5]}

**Output** : {‘Gfg’: 17, ‘best’: 18}

**Explanation** : Sorted by sum, and replaced. **Input** : test\_dict = {‘Gfg’ : [8,8], ‘best’ : [5,5]} **Output** : {‘best’: 10, ‘Gfg’: 16}

**Explanation** : Sorted by sum, and replaced. Sample Input:

2

Gfg 6 7 4

Best 7 6 5 Sample Output Gfg 17

Best 18

**For example:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Result** |
| 2  Gfg 6 7 4  Best 7 6 5 | Gfg 17  Best 18 |

# Program:

**a=int(input()) d={}**

**for i in range(a): b=input() b=b.partition(" ") d[b[0]]=b[-1].split(" ")**

**n=list(d.values()) k=list(d.keys())**

**for i in range(len(n)): s=0**

**for j in range(len(n[i])):**

**s+=int(n[i][j])**

**d.update({k[i]:s}) l=list(d.items()) if(l[0][1]<l[1][1]):**

**for k,v in d.items(): print(k,v)**

**else:**

**j=1**

**for k,v in d.items(): if(j==1):**

**k1,v1=k,v j+=1**

**else:**

**print(k,v) print(k1,v1)**

# Output:



**Ex. No. : 9.3 Date: 22/5/24**

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## Winner of Election

Given an array of names of candidates in an election. A candidate name in the array represents a vote cast to the candidate. Print the name of candidates received Max vote. If there is tie, print a lexicographically smaller name.

**Examples:**

Input : votes[] = {"john", "johnny", "jackie", "johnny", "john", "jackie",

"jamie", "jamie", "john",

"johnny", "jamie", "johnny", "john"};

Output : John

We have four Candidates with name as 'John', 'Johnny', 'jamie', 'jackie'. The candidates John and Johny get maximum votes. Since John is alphabetically smaller, we print it. Use dictionary to solve the above problem

**Sample Input:**

10

John John Johny Jamie Jamie Johny Jack Johny Johny Jackie

**Sample Output:**

Johny

**For example:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Result** |
| 10  John John Johny Jamie Jamie Johny Jack | Johny |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Result** |
| Johny Johny Jackie |  |

# Program:

n = int(input())

votes = {}

for \_ in range(n): candidate = input()

votes[candidate] = votes.get(candidate, 0) + 1

max\_votes = max(votes.values())

max\_candidates = [candidate for candidate, count in votes.items() if count == max\_votes]

print(min(max\_candidates))

# Output:



**Ex. No. : 9.4 Date: 22/5/24**

**Register No.: 231801128 Name: PRAMETHA S**

## Student Record

Create a student dictionary for n students with the student name as key and their test mark assignment mark and lab mark as values. Do the following computations and display the result.

1. Identify the student with the highest [average](https://www.rajalakshmicolleges.net/moodle/mod/quiz/view.php?id=5717) score
2. Identify the student who as the highest Assignment marks
3. Identify the student with the Lowest lab marks
4. Identify the student with the lowest [average](https://www.rajalakshmicolleges.net/moodle/mod/quiz/view.php?id=5717) score Note:

If more than one student has the same score display all the student names

Sample input:

4

James 67 89 56

Lalith 89 45 45

Ram 89 89 89

Sita 70 70 70 Sample Output:

Ram

James Ram Lalith Lalith

# Program:

n = int(input()) max\_average = float('-inf') min\_average = float('inf')

max\_assignment = float('-inf') min\_lab = float('inf') max\_average\_students = [] max\_assignment\_students = [] min\_lab\_students = [] min\_average\_students = []

for \_ in range(n):

name, test, assignment, lab = input().split() test = int(test)

assignment = int(assignment) lab = int(lab)

average = (test + assignment + lab) / 3 if average > max\_average:

max\_average = average max\_average\_students = [name]

elif average == max\_average: max\_average\_students.append(name)

if average < min\_average: min\_average = average min\_average\_students = [name]

elif average == min\_average: min\_average\_students.append(name)

if assignment > max\_assignment: max\_assignment = assignment max\_assignment\_students = [name]

elif assignment == max\_assignment: max\_assignment\_students.append(name)

if lab < min\_lab: min\_lab = lab

min\_lab\_students = [name] elif lab == min\_lab:

min\_lab\_students.append(name) print(\*sorted(max\_average\_students)) print(\*sorted(max\_assignment\_students)) print(\*sorted(min\_lab\_students)) print(\*sorted(min\_average\_students))

# Output:



|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Ex. No.:** | **9.5** | **Date: 22/5/24** |
| **RegisterNo:231801128** |  | **Name: PRAMETHA S**  [**Scramble Score**](https://www.rajalakshmicolleges.net/moodle/mod/quiz/view.php?id=5780) |

for a word. Create a dictionary that maps from letters to point values. Then use the dictionary to compute the score.

A Scrabble™ board includes some squares that multiply the value of a letter or the value of an entire word. We will ignore these squares in this exercise.

The points associated with each letter are shown below: Points Letters

1. A, E, I, L, N, O, R, S, T and U
2. D and G
3. B, C, M and P
4. F, H, V, W and Y
5. K

8 J and X 10 Q and Z

[Sample](https://www.rajalakshmicolleges.net/moodle/mod/quiz/view.php?id=5127) Input REC

[Sample](https://www.rajalakshmicolleges.net/moodle/mod/quiz/view.php?id=5127) Output

REC is worth 5 points.

# Program:

letter\_scores = {

'A': 1, 'E': 1, 'I': 1, 'L': 1, 'N': 1, 'O': 1, 'R': 1, 'S': 1, 'T': 1, 'U': 1,

'D': 2, 'G': 2,

'B': 3, 'C': 3, 'M': 3, 'P': 3,

'F': 4, 'H': 4, 'V': 4, 'W': 4, 'Y': 4,

'K': 5,

'J': 8, 'X': 8,

'Q': 10, 'Z': 10

}

word = input().upper()

score = sum(letter\_scores.get(letter, 0) for letter in word) print(word,"is worth",score,"points.")

Output:

